



**Department of Assamese
Nalbari College, Nalbari
Assam, Pin-781335**



- 1. Title of the event: Educational Tour**
- 2. Venue: DouL Gobinda Mandir, Dirgheswari Devalaya, Aswaklanta Mandir and Kanai Barashi Rock Inscription**
- 3. Date: 19/04/2024**
- 4. Organized by: Department of Assamese**
- 5. Faculty Coordinator: Dr. Bandana Das & Punyashri Bezbaruah**
- 6. No of Participants in details (students): Teacher: Student: 20**
- 7. Nature of Participation: Students &Teacher**
- 8. Detail Description of the event:** Field study is an integral part of formal education.

Besides textbooks, field study contributes to the expansion of knowledge. In order to make the students acquire some first hand knowledge about the traditions and architecture associated with the ancient temples of Assam, the Post Graduate students of Assamese Department, Nalbari College were taken to Dirgheswari Devalaya, DouL Gobinda Mandir, Kanai Barashi Rock Inscription and Aswaklanta Devalaya.

The trip took place on 19-04-2024. The Students were taken to the field trip under the supervision of the professors (Dr. Bandana Das, Punyashri Bezbaruah, Bhaskar Bhatta, Banti Sarmah & Smita Das) of Assamese Department. The students were first taken to the DouL Govind Mandir in North Guwahati and then to the Dirgheshwari Devalaya. This temple is situated on Sitachal hill, near Rangmahal, North Guwahati. This



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temple was built by the Ahom king Rajeswar Singha and it is one of the prime places of worship of the Shakti cult. According to legend, the right thigh of Sati fell here. This Devalaya or temple is famous for its annual Durga Puja. There is an idol of the goddess Durga in the sanctum sanctorum, which is housed in a small underground cave. The archaeological site features rock-cut sculptures dating back to the 10th and 11th century. Many stone statues have been excavated from temple premises of Dirgheswari. The temple is situated amidst beautiful natural surrounding.

The students were then taken to the Kanai Barashi Rock Inscription and the Aswaklanta Mandir. This inscription has located in the place called Rajaduwar. It records the assault and destruction of Kamrup by the Turks in the 13th century. Aswaklanta Devalaya is located in North Guwahati on the bank of river Brahmaputra and is surrounded by beautiful scenery. According to legends, Lord Krishna's horse rested at this place after being exhausted. Since then, the place has been known as Aswaklanta. The whole trip was very pleasant, besides being enriching for the students. Thus, it was a successful and fulfilling experience for the students.



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9. Photographs:





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10. Signature of Students:

Page No: _____
Date: / / _____

স্থান : দীৰ্ঘেশ্বৰী মন্দিৰ, কনাই বৰমা বোৰা-কিন্দিপা,
দৌল গোবিন্দ মন্দিৰ, অম্বকান্ত দেৱালয় ।

তাৰিখ : ২২-০৪-২০২৪

শিক্ষামূলক ভ্ৰমণলৈ যোৱা ছাত্ৰ-ছাত্ৰীৰ নামসমূহ →

- ২। অংকিত বৰ্মন
- ২। হুমা কলিতা
- ৩। হিমা হালৈ
- ৪। হিৰাশনি ডেকা
- ৫। জাহ্নৱী দেৱী
- ৬। দিপামনি দেৱী
- ৭। স্বাজলস্বামী তালুকদাৰ
- ৮। নামতা জলধাৰী
- ৯। জমুপ্ৰী কলিতা
- ১০। বিৰ্জি পাৰ্বতী
- ১১। গাভ্ৰীমা গোকতাৰ
- ১২। নাজী আইনা
- ১৩। বাহাৰুল হুসেন
- ১৪। স্বীৰাম্পী দাস
- ১৫। কংকন হালৈ
- ১৬। ৰূপানি নাথ
- ১৭। জিয়া ঘোষ ।
- ১৮। পৰিষ্কাৰ-দাস
- ১৯। জুবনী মহন্ত
- ২০। বিকিষ্ণিতা শৰ্মা ।